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PLANT FRUITS IN THE FALL FOR GOOD RESULTS

Spring Hill Nurseries
FALL 1924
TIPPECANOE CITY
MONTMORENCY CHERRY
CONCORD GRAPE
DELICIOUS APPLE
MONTMORENCY CHERRY handsome fruit, the most popular of all cherries. 2 yr. 4 to 5 ft.
CONCORD GRAPE
DELICIOUS APPLE
THREE EXTRA SPECIALS
MONTMORENCY CHERRY Large, dark red. 2 yr. 4 to 3 ft.
DELICIOUS APPLE
One of the very best apples and all that its name implies. 2 yr. 4 to 3 ft.
SPECIAL PRICES
1 EACH ABOVE VARIETIES, BEST 2 YEAR OLD SIZE $1.65
2 EACH ABOVE VARIETIES, BEST 2 YEAR OLD SIZE $3.20
3 EACH ABOVE VARIETIES, BEST 2 YEAR OLD SIZE $4.85
4 EACH ABOVE VARIETIES, BEST 2 YEAR OLD SIZE $6.30
10 EACH ABOVE VARIETIES, BEST 2 YEAR OLD SIZE $13.75

Because of its merit, more of this variety has been planted than any other. 2 yr. old.
APPLES
HIGH IN QUALITY, LOW IN PRICE

As we frequently have calls for one-year-old apple trees, we herein present a list of the standard commercial varieties of this stock. There are some advantages in purchasing trees of this age. In addition to costing less than older stock, these trees suffer less in transplanting, and will begin to grow more readily than older trees.

All trees and plants are retarded less in their growth when planted young, because the root system is smaller and is therefore less disturbed in the process of transplanting.

The wise purchaser of fruit trees will listen to this:

Old experienced horticulturists recommend the planting of one-year-old apple trees, because fewer trees are lost, they grow off more readily, and the head or top of such trees can more readily be formed for convenience in picking the apples and to produce and sustain the largest amount of fruit with less danger of breaking or spoiling the tree.

It is our deliberate opinion that young trees are preferable for planting, and will prove more satisfactory generally than older and larger trees.

### PRICES

#### PRICES OF ALL VARIETIES OF 2-YEAR-OLD TREES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>First Class</th>
<th>Each</th>
<th>10</th>
<th>25</th>
<th>100</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3 to 4 feet</td>
<td>$0.50</td>
<td>$4.00</td>
<td>$10.00</td>
<td>$38.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>4 to 5 feet</td>
<td>$0.70</td>
<td>$5.00</td>
<td>$16.00</td>
<td>$40.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>5 to 7 feet</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
<td>$7.50</td>
<td>$22.00</td>
<td>$65.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### PRICES OF ALL VARIETIES OF 1-YEAR-OLD TREES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>First Class</th>
<th>Each</th>
<th>10</th>
<th>25</th>
<th>100</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2 to 3 feet</td>
<td>$0.25</td>
<td>$2.00</td>
<td>$4.00</td>
<td>$15.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 to 4 feet</td>
<td>$0.40</td>
<td>$3.00</td>
<td>$6.00</td>
<td>$25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 to 5 feet</td>
<td>$0.50</td>
<td>$4.25</td>
<td>$10.00</td>
<td>$30.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Plant apple trees thirty to forty feet each way, either Spring or Fall.

ARKANSAW BLACK—A remarkably large and handsome crimson-black apple; perfectly smooth, roundish flat, lightly dotted with white.

BALDWIN—The apple of general popularity.

BANANA—Flesh lemon yellow, fine grained, sub-acid; rich, aromatic flavor. A good keeper.

BENONI—A beautiful red apple that can be used for many purposes. Fine for dessert.

DELICIOUS—Large, with surface almost covered with a most brilliant, beautiful dark red, blending to golden yellow at the blossom end.

DUCHESS OF OLDENBURG—The most profitable mid-summer apple.

EARLY HARVEST—Much prized by the housewife. The fruit is medium size to large skin tender, very smooth.

### DELICIOUS

See Front Cover

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**ENSEE**—One of the most popular apples now on the market and very much in demand.

**FALL PIPPIN**—Large, yellow apple when ripe. Flesh tender, rich and of good quality.

**FAMEUSE (Snow)**—Medium size, deep crimson, snowy white, tender, melting flesh of fine flavor.

**GANO**—The great commercial variety. The Gano is a large, handsome apple of perfect shape, with a smooth, glossy, brilliant red skin; the flesh is white, firm and somewhat juicy.

**GOLDEN SWEET**—Medium or rather large, roundish, slightly flattened. August.

**GRIMES GOLDEN**—A beautiful golden apple with a delicious flavor.

**JONATHAN**—Of medium size and fine flavor. A good shipper.

**KING**—Very large red, fair quality, very productive, flesh is slightly coarse but tender and vinous.

**LIVELAND RASPBERRY**—Flesh white as snow, tender and juicy.

**MAIDEN BLUSH**—Uniform size, round with blush red on creamy yellow.

**MAMMOTH BLACK TWIG**—Dark red; flesh firm and mild.

**McINTOSH**—Good size, yellow washed and deeply blushed with bright red; flesh white.

**NORTHERN GREENING**—Medium to large; clear, pale yellow or greenish yellow; flesh yellowish, mild sub-acid, juicy.

**NORTHERN SPY**—One of the oldest and best known varieties.

**RED ASTRACHAN**—Yellow, largely covered with red, presenting a striped appearance.

**RAMBO**—A fine well known red variety. Late fall.

**ROME BEAUTY**—Large, roundish, oblong apple.

**RAWLES JANETT**—Well shaped, red streaked with a very mild and delicious flavor.

**PARADISE SWEET**—A fine baker and good for shipping.

**STAYMAN'S**—Large size, red and yellow ground.
APPLES—Continued

BEN DAVIS—The great barrel filler. This apple is a remarkably fine keeper and a profitable one on the market in many sections.

SUMMER RAMBO.
TWENTY OUNCE PIPPIN—Very large and handsome, washed, mottled and splashed with bright red, flesh coarse.

STARK—Golden yellow, stripes light and red.

TALMAN SWEET—Fruit above medium, whitish yellow.

WEALTHY—Fruit large size, red streaked with white.

WINESAP—Medium, dark red, sub-acid, excellent quality, abundant bearer.

YELLOW TRANSPARENT—Skin is clear white, changing to a pale yellow when ripe.

YELLOW BELLFLOWER—Large, yellow, lightly tinged with red; crisp and juicy.

YORK IMPERIAL—Medium size, often oblong, greenish yellow covered with bright red.

Crab Apples

Crab Apples form a valuable crop, both in home and commercial orchards. They are, especially desirable in the colder sections where only a few varieties of Apples can be successfully grown; but they succeed well in all climates and their fruit is very popular. A few years ago they were thought fit only for cider, preserves and jellies; but there are varieties now that command a good price on the market for dessert purposes, especially in the case of the Whitney Crab Apples; do well on almost all soils. Come into bearing early and bear almost every year.

TRANSCENDENT—This is the largest and best of the Siberian Crabs. The tree is extremely hardy, good grower, and unusually productive. The fruits are about one and a half to two inches in diameter, bright yellow striped with red, flesh crisp, juicy and sub-acid. August to September.

WHITNEY—The tree is a hardy thrifty, upright grower and comes into bearing when young; it is a very productive variety. The flesh is yellowish, crisp, juicy and splendid for eating and cider. August and September.

PRICES—Same as Standard Apples.
Peaches

THE nature and quality of the Peach is so well and universally known that it needs no word of introduction or commendation from us. Its importance as one of the necessary luxuries of the home is keenly felt by every family and was never more emphasized than at the present when the scarcity and high prices put it beyond the reach of every one, who does not have his own trees.

Elberta
The old reliable peach, of which more are planted and from which more money has been made than from any other variety. The fruit is extra large; golden yellow, with brilliant shades of red; firm, juicy, rich and sweet. In fact it is the most popular of all the freestones. The tree is vigorous, sturdy—and hardy; thrives in widely different localities.

Belle of Georgia
A large freestone peach, most excellent variety, ripens early in August. Fruit very large and most attractive in color and shape, with a light red cheek. Flesh is white, firm and delicious; in all ways the quality is very fine. It has become one of the standard varieties in the bag commercial orchards, as it stands shipping well and it invariably brings the best prices in the markets. Its popularity is not confined to a single locality, for it grows with equal success in both South and North.

Fitzgerald
The Fitzgerald is of Canadian origin and it is one of the hardiest peaches both in tree and bloom. Fruit is a large, yellow, freestone, tinted with red, firm, juicy, of very high quality.

J. H. Hale
This remarkable peach, discovered as a chance seedling, by J. H. Hale is a wonderfully fine peach, magnificent in appearance and delightful in flavor. The tree is enormously productive and the fruit is of larger size than the Elberta. Color a deep, golden yellow overlaid with bright carmine. Smooth solid thick skin, a peach without the fuzz, absolutely distinct in this respect it stands in a class alone. Flesh deep yellow, firm, fine-grained, and as solid as a cling, yet parting as freely from the pit as the freest of the free, a delicious peachy flavor, such as is seldom found in a yellow peach; altogether a combination of productiveness, size, beauty, solidity, texture and flavor that cannot be duplicated.

Lemon Free
This is a splendid peach possessing many very excellent qualities. Large almost lemon shaped, pointed at the apex. In color it is a lemon yellow brightened with red cheek; the flesh is golden yellow, tender and juicy.

Champion
One of the finest freestone peaches. The fruit is large, creamy white, with a red cheek. The flesh is sweet, juicy, very high quality, and of excellent flavor. It is one of the showiest peaches in the market, is a good shipper and an excellent seller.

General Funston
Large, new peach seedling, most excellent quality, white freestone, red cheek. Has been called “Frost Proof Beauty” because of hardiness, producing fruit when all other varieties fail. CRAWFORD'S EARLY—A very large yellow freestone of the finest quality, ripens late August. CRAWFORD'S LATE—Similar to Crawford's Early, but ripens two or three weeks later. CROSBY—Ranks among the hardiest of peaches, medium sized, yellow freestone of good flavor. ENGLE'S MAMMOTH—Late yellow freestone, resembles Crawford’s Late, but is more productive. September. HEATH CLING—Very large, a creamy white peach, flesh pure white to creamy, juicy and sweet. October.

KALAMAZOO—Freestone of excellent quality. Fruit large, golden yellow with crimson cheek. Flesh yellow, delightful flavor.

PRICES OF FIRST CLASS PEACH TREES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Price</th>
<th>Each</th>
<th>10</th>
<th>25</th>
<th>100</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Peach trees, first class, 2 to 3 feet</td>
<td>$0.30</td>
<td>$2.75</td>
<td>$5.50</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peach trees, first class, 3 to 4 feet</td>
<td>.50</td>
<td>4.00</td>
<td>9.00</td>
<td>30.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peach trees, first class, 4 to 6 feet</td>
<td>.75</td>
<td>6.00</td>
<td>15.00</td>
<td>50.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

COLLECTION B
Ten Peach Trees, $2.50. 2 Collections, $4.75. 4 Collections, $9.50.

4 ELBERTA—Yellow freestone.
2 CHAMPION—White, red cheek, early.
2 KALAMAZOO—Yellow freestone.
2 SALWAY—Yellow freestone late.

The above ten trees, 2-3 feet, guaranteed to be of best quality and purity. You cannot afford to miss this offer.

Peach Collection C
For the same reasons as stated in Collection A on page 3, we offer a number of good Peach trees, our selection, best quality of standard varieties. 10 trees, first class, 3-4 ft., $3.00, or 25 for $7.00. 10 trees, first class, 4-5 ft., $4.00, or 25 for $9.00. When Ordering Specify Size and Price.
**CHERRIES**

A good cherry orchard for commercial purposes is one of the most profitable ventures a farmer can undertake, because there is no other fruit so much in demand at such good prices. The trees are very thrifty and prolific, bearing large crops annually. The fruit is easily picked and it is always in great demand in its season, brings prices amply sufficient to repay the investment and give fancy profits. No home orchard is complete without some cherry trees.

**THE BEST VARIETIES**

**Black Tartarian**

A beautiful, purplish cherry of superb quality, rich and juicy. This remarkable tree makes a beautiful erect growth. A prolific bearer. Late June and July.

**Early Richmond or May**

Unsurpassed for cooking. The tree is a free grower and reliable producer. The fruit is medium, dark red, juicy and has an acid flavor. June.

**May Duke**

A large, light red cherry of most excellent quality. They are between a sweet and a sour cherry. Fine for canning. The tree is a strong, upright grower.

**Large Montmorency**

Several different strains come under this variety or name; all of them are good, but we consider this particular strain one of the very best of the sour cherries, and it should be largely planted in every orchard. The fruit is large, dark red, and handsome.

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**PEARS THE QUALITY FRUIT**

The Pear is closely related to the apple and like the apple thrives on many soils. It is noted for its delicate, mild, sweet and delicious flavor, and the melting, buttery, juicy texture of the flesh, surpassing the apple in these respects.

The Pear is a highly profitable fruit, and especially so in markets that pay for quality as well as looks. It is easily grown, being nearly free from insects and fungous diseases.

Our pear trees are of the finest quality for transplanting, for they are well-developed, stocky trees. In the course of five years they will be bearing a fine crop of fruit.

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**PRICES ON CHERRY TREES**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cherry Trees, First Class, 2 year old, 2 to 3 ft</th>
<th>Each</th>
<th>10</th>
<th>25</th>
<th>100</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$0.40</td>
<td>$3.50</td>
<td>$8.50</td>
<td>$34.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cherry Trees, First Class, 2 year old, 3 to 4 ft</td>
<td>.60</td>
<td>5.50</td>
<td>12.50</td>
<td>48.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cherry Trees, First Class, 2 year old, 4 to 6 ft</td>
<td>.95</td>
<td>9.00</td>
<td>22.00</td>
<td>85.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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**EARLY RICHMOND**

**Anjou** (Birrerm d'Anjou)—Rather large; flesh yelloswhite, fine grained, melting, with a rich, excellent flavor. Good keeping qualities.

**Bartlett**

One of the most popular sorts, both for home and market. It is large, handsome yelloswhite, red blush; flesh buttery, rich and juicy, highly flavored. One of the best varieties for canning. Ripens in August and September.

**Clapp's Favorite**

Fruit handsome, large, long, yellow, spotted dull red where exposed to the sun; flesh fine grained, juicy, rich and melting. It resembles the Bartlett. The tree is a vigorous grower, hardy and productive. Ripens in August.

**Duchess D'Angouleme**

This is the largest among our really good pears. The skin is a dull greenish-yellow; flesh white, melting, juicy and well flavored. The tree is a vigorous grower and a reliable bearer. A profitable market variety and fair for home use. Ripens in October and November.

**Flemish Beauty**

One of the best varieties of pears for the southwest, on account of its hardness. The tree is a strong grower, an annual and abundant bearer, and is usually successful over a large range of country. The fruit is large; the skin pale yellow; the flavor is sweet and melting. Ripens in September and October.

**Kieffer**

On account of the excellent keeping qualities it is one of the best and most profitable market varieties. Fine for canning or preserving. For commercial orchard it is undoubtedly one of the best. The trees are not troubled with scale and seldom fail to bear a good crop. Trees bear young. October and November.

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**PRICES ON Pears**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>2 and 3 years old</th>
<th>Each</th>
<th>10</th>
<th>25</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Standard Pear Trees, 3-4 feet</td>
<td>$0.60</td>
<td>$5.00</td>
<td>$12.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Standard Pear Trees, 4-5 feet</td>
<td>.75</td>
<td>7.00</td>
<td>16.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Standard Pear Trees, 5-7 feet</td>
<td>.95</td>
<td>9.00</td>
<td>22.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
PLUMS
FINE FOR FALL PLANTING

PLUM trees are often called the poor man's tree because they require so little room to grow and are always such prolific bearers. The market's demand for high grade plums is almost unlimited, and for dessert, canning, and preserves, and even in the home, no fruit is more delicious.

Use plum trees to fill the places on your farm where other fruit trees will not have room to grow. Plant a commercial orchard of plums; give it good attention and it will bring you large profits and prove a good investment.

A light, sandy soil is preferred for plums, but they do well in almost any soil as long as it is well drained. The tree should be sprayed annually with Bordeaux mixture.

The varieties we offer have been thoroughly tested and are "standbys." They may be relied upon to furnish annual crops of highly profitable and delicious fruit. The stock is clean, healthy, and sturdy two-year-old, budded on the finest Myrobolan plum stock.

This sort of stock comes into bearing very early and a fair crop is assured the third and fourth years. From 135 to 170 trees should be planted to the acre, and in their prime they will produce $10.00 worth of fruit to the tree.

A good plum orchard should return to the owner the fourth year the entire amount expended for trees and culture up to that time, and afterwards be a source of continued profit.

LIST OF VARIETIES

Abundance A beautiful yellow, heavily overspread with purple-colored large to very large; skin thick, skin tough. The fruit stands shipping well to distant markets. July.

Burbank Successful almost anywhere. The fruit is of very large size, the color cherry red mottled. The flesh is yellow, sweet, and firm. It is fine for keeping and shipping. August.

Bradshaw Remarkably good early plum. This variety is a very large dark red. The flesh is yellow, juicy and good. The tree is an erect, vigorous grower. Middle of August.

German Prune One of the oldest varieties. The tree is vigorous in growth and productive. Large, purplish fruit that is firm, sweet, and de-licious. A freestone. September.

Lombard A favorite for canning and culinary purposes. Of medium size, oval, violet-red. The flesh is yellow, juicy, pleasant and good. Adheres to the stone. Good market variety. The tree is strong and productive, bearing when quite young. Ripens late in August.

Moore's Arctic Perpetual black plum with a thin bloom. The fruit is small to medium; flesh juicy, sweet and fine flavored. Tree is healthy, August.

PRICES OF GOOD PLUMS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Varieties</th>
<th>Each 10</th>
<th>25</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2 year old, 3 to 4 feet</td>
<td>$0.40</td>
<td>$0.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 year old, 4 to 5 feet</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 year old, 5 to 7 feet</td>
<td>.95</td>
<td>9.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Plant Spring or Fall, 16 to 20 Feet Apart.

GRAPES

One of the most satisfactory crops that can be grown, because it can be depended upon practically every year, and can be grown almost anywhere, but to produce the finest specimens they should be carefully cultivated and pruned. The food worth of this delicious fruit is almost incalculable. Like nearly all fruits it contains a large percentage of water, a valuable food factor, since two-thirds of the human body is water. This water is sweetened with one of the most healthful forms of sugar, and sugar is the most highly concentrated form of food for the generation of heat and energy in the body. The grape contains from 13 to 25 per cent grape sugar, and in addition to water and sugar is composed of tartaric acid, sodium, potash, magnesium and iron, all of these properties are essential to the health of man; but by far the most valuable food feature of this delightful fruit is its large content of iron in a form more easily assimilated by the human system than is elsewhere found in nature. The grape actually is heavy with iron, and in order to appreciate the full meaning of this fact one must remember that the human system not only needs but demands a constant supply of this mineral. It is iron that makes for red blood and in nine cases out of ten it is lack of iron that pales the cheeks and takes the pep out of life. Neither vegetable nor animal life could exist without it and science has proven that chemical compounds put up in bottles do not supply this valuable mineral as it is found in food.

BLACK GRAPES

Concord From sheer merit the Concord has become the most popular grape in the United States. Taking the country over as a whole, more Concordes are now in bearing than of any other variety. No other grape succeeds over such a wide area or in so many different soils. It is the stand-by in grapes. New varieties may come, but they have to work hard to reach the Concord standard for market purposes. Matures early, keeps well, ships well and sells well. Bunches big, berries are juicy, sweet and delicious. Concord overcomes local grape troubles and is safe to plant. Price, 1 year, each, 20c; dozen, $2.25; 2 year, each, 25c; dozen, $2.75.

Moore's Early A black grape that resembles Concord closely but with more tender pulp, higher quality and ripens a week to ten days earlier than Concord. 1 year, each, 20c, dozen, $2.25; 2 years, each, 25c, dozen, $2.75.

Worden A black grape that resembles Concord closely but with more tender pulp, higher quality and ripens a week to ten days earlier than Concord. 1 year, each, 20c, dozen, $2.25; 2 years, each, 25c, dozen, $2.75.

QUANTITY PRICES, SEE NEXT PAGE
GRAPES—Continued

WHITE VARIETIES

Niagara

The standard white Grape. Both bunches and berries are large to very large, handsome, and well formed. The flesh is firm, juicy, without much pulp; flavor is of the very best, and does not resemble any other sort. The vine is hardy, vigorous, and extremely productive. Frankly speaking, it is hard to describe Niagara, so numerous are its points of superiority. The best way is to try some yourself. Plant the vines anywhere. Do it this year. Price, 1 year each, 20c, dozen, $2.25; 2 years each, 25c, dozen, $2.75.

Pocklington

A very handsome Grape of extra-large size. Bunch large and compact; flesh juicy with considerable pulp; flavor sugary, and delicious. Vines are extremely healthy and hardy. Pocklington is perhaps the most beautiful Grape in cultivation. Price, 1 year each, 20c, dozen, $2.25; 2 years each, 25c, dozen, $2.75.

RED VARIETIES

Delaware

An old time red variety. Bunch and berry small, refined, high quality. Prolific but a rather weak grower and somewhat subject to mildew. Price, 1 year each, 25c, dozen, $2.75; 2 years each, 30c, dozen, $3.25.

Wyoming

Bunch small and compact; berries medium; flesh firm; flavor very agreeable, although not so sweet as Delaware. Price, 1 year each, 20c, dozen, $2.25; 2 years each, 25c, dozen, $2.75.

CURRANTS

Experience teaches that a cool, moist soil is best adapted to the growth of currants. Strong, moist loams, with a considerable mixture of clay, are good. Even, well-drained, stiff clay will give good results. The pruning is simple, but very important. The younger the wood, the finer the fruit. It is absolutely necessary, however, that a fair supply of the old wood be left in order to insure productiveness. No wood over three years old should be allowed to remain. Plants should be set six feet six wide and about three feet apart in the row. Twenty-five hundred can be planted to the acre.

LIST OF VARIETIES

CHERRY—Bush a strong grower, very hardy, and quite prolific bearer. The large, bright red berries have a thin skin and a fine flavor.

FAY’S PROLIFIC—The leading market currant. One of the best known varieties and universally used by the large fruit growers. Long stems, fine flavor, and very productive. Fruit easy to pick; good shippers; plants are very hardy.

LONDON MARKET—Bush vigorous and upright. One of the best for northern climates and at the same time a leader in the Southern states. Beautiful dark red berries medium sized with large branches. A favorite for home market and will stand long shipments.

GOOSEBERRIES

One of the hardest of the bush fruits. The best results are obtained by planting gooseberries in moist, but not soggy, clay loam, but they will do reasonably well in any well-drained soil if they are well fertilized once each year. The gooseberries bear most freely on two and three-year-old wood. Therefore, the aim should be to keep a continuous supply of vigorous shoots. Prune freely to encourage upright growth. We offer all first-class plants.

LIST OF VARIETIES

DOWNING—One of the most favored of all gooseberries for family use and a very good market berry. Medium sized fruit; flesh soft and juicy. This variety is planted more extensively than any other kind by the fruit growers.

HOUGHTON—Very productive, good and vigorous grower, an old and reliable variety; very hardy.

RASPBERRIES

Many improvements in the hardy varieties of raspberries, make the cultivation of the fruit comparatively easy. They do well in any good soil, but thrive best in deep, moist (not overwet) soil. The lighter loams are preferable for the red varieties; while the heavier suit the black varieties best. CUMBERLAND—One of the most vigorous growers and one of the hardiest of all the raspberries. In fact, it is considered one of the very best purple berries. The best proof of this is that nearly all growers discard the other purple varieties after the Cumbriands are once established. They produce a fine quality of dark red or almost purple berries than a long season. Of very fine quality for family use.

KANSAS—Plants are strong, vigorous grower, will stand extremes of drought and cold weather and still bear large crops. These will grow with less care than will any others of the "tip" varieties. RASPBERRY PRICES—$1.25 for 25; $3.00 for 100; $12.00 for 500.
TULIPS FOR FALL PLANTING

CULTURE

The first work in preparing the bed for bulbs is to cover the surface with a good coating of well-rotted manure; then spade up the earth deeply. Plunge the spade or fork down to the full depth and turn up the earth from the bottom. After spading, rake down the earth from the center to make the bed perfectly level. Hyacinths, daffodils and tulips should be planted five or six inches apart and about four inches deep.

DARWIN TULIPS

Baronne de La Tonnaye
Bright rose, margined blush rose, beautifully shaped with large sized flowers. Excellent for forcing. Height, 26 inches.

Clara Butt
Clear self colored salmon pink flowers, the finest Darwin Tulip of its class, and an exquisite flower on the merits of which there is only one opinion. Height, 21 inches.

Dream
Beautiful, soft, uniform lilac, large flower. A welcome addition to any tulip bed. Height, 26 inches.

La Candeur
Also called white Queen. Lovely, soft, white flower, slightly tinged blush, with black anthers. A beautiful large globular erect flower. Height, 24 in.

The illustration below of this beautiful tulip shows the perfect form of the La Candeur.

Loveliness
Soft carmine rose, a very warm and brilliant color, a very good tulip with medium sized flower. Splendid forcing. Height, 26 inches.

Pride of Haarlem
Bright rose suffused with purple, and enormous flowers of superb form and beauty. A stately plant for borders and among shrubs. For group planting this variety is unsurpassed. Height, 28 inches.

Reverend H. Eubanks
A vivid heliotrope lilac, with lighter tint at margin, magnificent flower, very beautiful outside and wonderful when forced. Height, 22 in.

INGLESCOMBE YELLOW
A low growing tulip, very good for borders, a beautiful shade of canary yellow. Height, 22 inches.

The Sultan
Glossy maroon black, a wonderful color among flowers. Height, 25 inches.

PRICES
Your selection: 10 for 70c; 25 for $1.50; 100 for $5.40.

DARWIN MIXED TULIPS
Contains a mixture of the best shades and colors. 10 for 50 cents; 25 for $1.40; 100 for $5.00.

SINGLE EARLY TULIPS

For very spring flowers, the single tulips are indispensable. By all means have some of all varieties, so as to have an abundance of flowers all through the spring time.

Artus
Deep scarlet, large beautiful flower, excellent for beddoo. Height, 12 inches.

Cottage Maid
Loveliest carmine rose, shading to white center petals, feathered white. Height, 11 inches.

Crimson Brilliant
Brilliant red, large flowers. A good variety for forcing and certainly the most effective for bedding on account of its large, dashing red flowers of long lasting quality. Height, 14 inches.

Keizerskroon
Bright red with broad golden yellow border, extra large flower on tall strong stem. The most popular bedding tulip. Height, 16 inches.

La Reine
Pure white if forced. When grown cool in the open, it has a delicate pink shade. The most popular of all tulips. Height, 18 inches.

Yellow Prince
A very bright yellow, and very easily forced. It lasts very long when cut as it always keeps its closed form. Dwarf grower.

PRICES:
ANY ABOVE VARIETIES SINGLE TULIPS 10 for 60 cents; 25 for $1.25; 100 for $4.50.
MIXED SINGLE TULIPS in five colors, red, rose, white, yellow and variegated: 10 for 50 cents; 25 for $1.00; 100 for $3.50.
DOUBLE TULIPS
LARGE PEONY FLOWERED
Double Tulips produce very large double flowers, many of which are as large and showy as a peony. The bright colors of the double blossoms contrast splendidly and make a charming display.

Couronne D'or
The only popular yellow double tulip. Fine old gold yellow color, large well formed flowers. Height 13 inches.

Imperator Rubrorum
Fine bright scarlet with yellow center; large flowers, splendid for bedding and forcing.

Murillo
White shading to delicate pink, large beautiful shaped flowers on strong stems. A very popular variety. Can be used very effectively with large grouping.

SELECT HYACINTHS
Beyond doubt the Hyacinth is the Queen of Spring. Its hardiness, ease of culture and certainty to bloom would alone insure popularity, but it has the additional merit of being one of the most decorative and ornamental of plants. Its massive spikes of waxen flowers are of the most perfect shape and most delicious fragrance, while its colors sport into a hundred shades, tints and blendings. The bulbs may be planted any time from October to December. They succeed in any good, well-drained garden soil and will repay for extra care and attention. Out of the long lists of Holland growers we have chosen the very cream of all varieties either for pot or garden culture.

Gertrude
Rosy pink hyacinth, with a very dense compact flower truss growing very erect. It is excellent for either bedding or forcing.

Grand Maitre
Fine deep porcelain blue. Very large, broad, well formed spikes on short strong stems. Beautiful curled bells, which combined with the fine color and form makes this the most popular of all blue hyacinths. Very free growing.

King of the Blues
Deep glossy blue, with a splendid well formed large spike on short stem. Bells of medium size but good substance. The very best dark blue bedding hyacinth.

L'Innocence
Pure white with large well-shaped bells on fine erect truss. The most popular of all white hyacinths and is used in large quantities all over the world. Of sturdy habit and good for all purposes.

Lady Derby
Fine large flowered pink with very large well-shaped bells. One of the finest pink hyacinths, first class in every way.

La Victoire
Brilliant carmine red, an extra fine new variety with a tall magnificent spike.

PRICES—10 for $1.00; 25 for $2.25; 100 for $8.50. Hyacinths in colors, red, pink, white, light and dark blue, 10 for 80c; 25 for $1.75; 100 for $6.00.
**NARCISSUS**

The Narcissus is fast becoming a rival to the Hyacinth and Tulip. The massive spikes of the one and the vivid colors of the other are missing, but the Narcissus—the Daffodil of the poets—has charms of its own to counterbalance these. For cutting or wearing it is the best of the three, being by far the best vase flower of the Spring. Most of the garden sorts are particularly showy in masses, and do not require frequent re-setting to keep in vigor and flower, needing no care in fact, beyond the planting.

Others of this family are among our best pot bulbs, their clustered stars and stately trumpets of white and cream, lemon, orange and yellow, giving variety, fragrance and warmth of color to our window gardens. In pots they may be had in bloom from Christmas until April. Out of doors, from the earliest to the latest, they last fully two months. Our collection is a particularly choice one and true to name. We offer our bulbs, both for the house and garden. They will prove so beautiful and increase so rapidly you will feel doubly repaid for your outlay. They can be grouped along the border of shrubbery, or at the foot of rockeries, or under trees. Everyone should have early, medium and late sorts, as well as some of each of different types.

**Double Von Sion**

The true double yellow daffodil and the most popular sort.

**Emperor**

Immense clear golden yellow flowers. Grows to a height of 20 inches.

**Golden Spur**

One of the earliest daffodils of a rich, golden yellow, mammoth size. Unsurpassed for pots, gardens or forcing.

**Paper White Grandiflora**

Improvement on the common Paper White, the flowers being about twice the size, of beautiful star like form, pearly whiteness and delicious fragrance. It is a very early and profuse bloomer and if set in water can be had in full bloom by Christmas.

**Poeticus Ornatus**

Fine for garden or pot culture and the best of the poets Narcissus. It has a white flower with a scarlet-edge crown.

| PRICE | Your selection of varieties, 10 for $1.00; 25 for $2.00; 100 for $7.00. |

**CROCUS**

The Crocus is the recognized harbinger of Spring. Between the bulbs of late winter’s tempests its brave little flowers appear, minding not the least frost or flurries of snow. For six weeks its bright flowers smile saucily at us, quite sure of their welcome. Their cost is so trifling that all can afford to plant them freely. The Crocus has been much improved in late years in size of bloom and variety of colorings. Crocuses are extra fine for borders, etc., and are particularly charming dotted by twos and threes over the lawn. They come in earliest spring.

**PURPUREA GRANDIFLORA**—The largest and finest deep purple in cultivation.

**KING OF THE WHITES**—Large snowy white, extra large and showy.

**SIR WALTER SCOTT**—Pearl gray striped blue.

**MAMMOTH YELLOW**—The best yellow crocus in cultivation.

| PRICE | 10 for 50 cents; 25 for $1.00; 100 for $2.50. MIXED BULBS the same price. |

**PLANT CROCUS ON YOUR LAWN**
PEONIES

QUEEN of PERENNIAL PLANTS

NO OTHER flower adapts itself to so many uses as the Peony. It is invaluable for giving masses of color in the mixed shrubbery and perennial border. Single plants or groups of plants, according to the size of the border, should be scattered here and there in front of large shrubs and tall perennials or among low ones. It furnishes fine specimen plants for the lawn if properly cared for. It makes a good border for walks and driveways and for division lines of lots. Plants of one variety are most effective for this purpose, as they are of the same height and come into bloom at one time. But if space is limited and one plans to put most of his color in such a hedge, he will get more pleasure out of a mixed planting.

BEDS of the flower as large as space permits planted in rows will give immense pleasure. Here they can be easily and thoroughly cultivated; and they not only make the garden a glorious place for weeks, but they furnish unlimited quantities of cut flowers. On large estates great masses of a single color with a good background of green shrubbery produce magnificent effects. But the peony is not an aristocrat. It helps to make simple homes beautiful when planted in unused corners, or along un-sightly fences or buildings. Wherever peony plants are placed they remain attractive not only during the blooming season but throughout the summer, as the foliage remains fresh and green, and with a little trimming the plants continue shapey.

ALBERT CROUSSE (Crouse)—Very large, compact, bomb shaped bloom. Rose white with fleck of crimson. Tall, erect, profuse bloomer. Fragrant. One of the most striking of all peonies.

DUCHESS DE NEMOURS (C'rot 1886)—Crown type, early. Follows Festiva Maxima by a few days. A splendid cup shaped sulphur white flower with a greenish reflex that lights up the entire bloom, which gradually changes to a pure white. Exceptionally beautiful in the half-opened bud stage.

EDULIS SUPERBA (LeMoine 1824)—Large, loose crown type. Bright pink with slight violet shadings at base of petals. Fragrant. Early, strong and upright in habit, very free bloomer. Best early commercial grade at latitude of Central Ohio in full bloom by Decoration Day. Also sold as L'Esperance.


FESTIVA MAXIMA (Milliez 1851)—Extra large, full, globular, rose type. Pure white with bright, carmine flecks on the edges of the center petals. Fragrant. Heavy and abundant clean, bright foliage. Abundant bloom on long strong stems. Early. The most popular all around white peony in existence.

FLORAL TREASURE (Rosenfeld 1900)—Large, full, globular rose type. Delicate pink with lavender tinge, shading lighter at center as flower ages. Fragrant. Flowers borne rigidly erect on strong, stiff stems, and in great numbers. Midseason.

PRICE: Large Clump, 75 cents each, 10 for $7.00.

Hardy Outdoor LILIES

NEW CHINESE
Regal or Royal Lily

The Sensation of the Year

Regal Lily, being a native of Northwestern China, is hardy. Bailey's Cyclopedia of Horticulture says of it: "One of the most beautiful of all known lilies, the exquisite blending of tints and colors forming a charming contrast with the rich, deep-green foliage. Highly recommended for general culture both for the open ground and for pots."

The outside of the flower is white, very faintly tinged with yellow at the base of the trumpet, and with pink at the point. The midribs are purple. The inside shows a bright canary-yellow deep in the throat, shading to pure white with just a hint of pink showing through from the outside. Mature bulbs produce plants 3 to 4 feet high, bearing 3 to 10 flowers.

Our prices on Regal Lily are unusually low, due to the fact that we now have a large stock of plants for the first time since its introduction.

When you see this Lily in bloom in your garden during June or early July, you will thank us for offering it to you.

LILium Auratum, THE GOLDEN QUEEN OF LILIES—One of the finest and most popular of hardy garden lilies. From pure white flowers closely studded with chocolate colored spots, while through the center of each petal runs a clear golden band. The flowers are enormous, often measuring 10-12 inches across, and are abundantly produced during summer, and are so fragrant that one flower will perfume a small garden. Small bulbs will not flower the first year.

Lilium candidum—The first to come for the planting season is also known under other names. Annunciation Lily so called by painters in the Middle Ages. Also Cottage Lily, as it is seen blooming in great masses in front of cottages in France, England, Scotland, and Germany. Under any name this pure fragrant Lily is beautiful. It blooms end of May and during June and part of July (dependent on seasons), lifting its tall stems and silvery chalice to the sun and dew. An emblem of all that is holy and pure. But this is an age of commerce and so many flowers sym-

PHYSICUS, ALBUM—This is the pure white form of Speciosums. The center of petals has a soft fringe which enhances the beauty of the flower. It is without doubt the finest pure white garden lily. Fine flowering bulbs.

PHYSICUS RUBRUM—The type with reflexed petals. On a white ground are a number of brilliant crimson spots, stripes and dots. Most beautiful form. Fine for flowering bulbs.

PRICES: "Blooming size bulbs," 40 cents each, 3 for $1.00.
Hardy Deciduous Shrubs

Suitable for Fall Planting

A walk with nature in her undisturbed retreats will soon reveal to her student and lover that she has been most lavish with certain species of shrubs in the various localities. These varieties are frequently good to be used when beautifying the home surroundings, but aside from these, many other species are always needed to add variety and many times to aid in making up the succession of bloom.

In many ways nature may be followed. It has been noted among other things that isolated specimens are seldom if ever to be found. Here we learn to plant in masses or groups for best results. Do not delay another season in planting at least some shrubs, for they add materially to the beauty and attractiveness of any home or public place.

Shrubs provide material of a permanent character for the adornment of property at less cost and more effectively than anything else.

Barberry (Berberis)

JAPANESE (Thunbergii)—Of all the barberries in cultivation, this one is probably the best known, the most rapid, and the most effective. It is one of the valuable introductions we have received from Japan and is especially to be desired because of its low, dense, horizontal growth, the bright fall coloring of its leaves, and the brilliant red berries that remain fresh and attractive until the following spring. It is quite hardy and will thrive equally well in shade or in sunny locations. Especially valuable for planting along walks and drives, and for massing in the border. 12 to 18 inches, 25c each; 18 to 24 inches, 40c each; 2 to 3 feet, 60c each.

Butterfly Bush (Buddleia)

SUMMER LILAC (Var. Liliflora)—This shrub of comparative recent introduction has grown into favor almost immediately. It is a semi-herbsaceous plant, by which we mean in some latitudes it will die down to the ground; and while perfectly hardy, we recommend covering the roots with manure, leaves or other material as winter approaches, as it will help to produce a heavy growth the next season. It is very hardy; blooms the first season, usually from June until frost; the blossoms are borne on long, graceful stems which terminate in tapering panicles of bluish-colored flowers that are of miniature size, the flower head is frequently ten inches long. 40c each; 3 for $1.00.

Dogwood (Cornus)

CORNELIA CHERRY (Mascula)—In a hardy ornamental shrub, or small tree of dense growth, with glossy leaves; very attractive in early spring with its yellow flowers, and again in the fall with its scarlet fruit. 2 to 3 feet, 40c each.

Deutzia

An elegant species of strong, erect growing shrubs. Especially prized for the beautiful clusters of blossoms in May.

PRIDE OF ROCHESTER—Showy, early, large flowering sort; blossoms in May before others. Grows 6 to 8 feet high. White flowers, large and double. One of the best of the Deutzias. 3 to 4 feet, 40c each; 3 for $1.00.

LEMOINEI—Spreading shrub to three feet in height. Its pure white flowers appear in broad panicles. A very desirable shrub, more vigorous and with more showy flowers than some of the other forms. Excellent for forcing. Very hardy. 18 to 24 inches, 50c each.

GRACILIS—A handsome dwarf and bushy little shrub with slender, often arching branches. A neat shrub that blooms in May, clothing its branches in pure white flowers. Valuable for shrubbery or for forcing. 12 to 16 inches, 50c each.

Globe Flower (Kerria)

JAPANESE ROSE (Japonica)—One of the first shrubs brought from Japan. It grows from four to eight feet high and as broad as high. Very attractive through the year, in winter light green branches, in early June yellow flowers in great abundance; and again in autumn when the leaves change to a clear yellow. Not quite hardy in the northern states 8 to 24 inches. 50c each.

Golden Bell (Forsythia)

WEPPING (Susceptus)—Highly ornamental, free flowering shrub, growing to 6 feet; the branches of end drooping on the ground and taking root. They grow in almost any garden soil and are hardy north. The golden yellow flowers appear in early spring. For masses or groups. 2 to 3 feet, 35c each; 3 to 4 feet, 40c each; 3 for $1.10.

VIRDISSIMA—Shrub to ten feet with erect, green branches. Leaves very dark green, three to six inches long, the flowers about one inch long, twisted lobes of bright greenish yellow. Taller than the other species. 2 to 3 feet, 30c each; 3 to 4 feet, 40c each; 3 for $1.10.

Hydrangea

HYDRANGEA PANICULATA GRANDIFLORA

HYDRANGEA PANICULATA GRANDIFLORA

HYDRANGEA ARBORESCENS (Var. Sterilis), (Hills of Snow)—Almost all of the flowers are sterile. Very showy variety, excellent for borders. 18 to 24 inches, 50c each; 2 to 3 feet, 75c each.

PANICULATA (Pancled Hydrangea)—A vigorous shrub from Japan; bears long, loose panicles of white flowers. 12 to 16 inches, 35c each; 18 to 24 inches, 50c each; 2 to 3 feet, 75c each.

PANICULATA GRANDIFLORA—This is the best known form of the hydrangeas. A hardy, ornamental shrub to 15 feet with dense, globose head. The large, white flowers appear in August and September. The sterile flowers changing later to purplish. 18 to 24 inches, 50c each; 2 to 3 feet, 75c each.
SHRUBS—Continued

Honeysuckle (Lonicera)

ALBERTA—A small shrub with slender branches, rigid and spiny in high altitudes. The rose pink, fragrant flowers are borne on slender erect stems. May and June. 18 to 24 in., 25c; 2 to 3 ft., 40c; 3 to 4 ft., 50c each.

MORROWI—A very decorative shrub that reaches 6 feet in height. Beautiful, pure white flowers appear in May or June, followed by red fruits, which remain until late autumn. 18 to 24 in., 30c; 2 to 3 ft., 40c; 3 to 4 ft., 50c each.

Mock Orange (Philadelphus or Syringa)

GRANDIFLORA—Large, flowering shrub growing to about eight feet, with spreading branches, usually upright and vigorous, flowers slightly fragrant. Rapid grower and most hardy. 18 to 24 in., 30c; 2 to 3 ft., 40c each.

LEMOINEI—Graceful shrub with slender, arching branches. The blossoms appear in three inch short racemes, very sweet scented. 18 to 24 in., 30c; 2 to 3 ft., 50c each.

CORONARIUS (Mock Orange) — This is not quite as showy as some of the other species and of somewhat stiff habit, but deliciously fragrant. 18 to 24 in., 30c; 2 to 3 ft., 40c each.

The Spireas

There is no more dependable shrub than Spirea. Its graceful foliage and growth and the beautiful blossoms are a delight of the season throughout.

BILLARDIA—A shrub to six feet in height, with oblong leaves, usually grayish beneath, at least when young. Flowers are bright pink and five to eight inches long. The spireas with plain or rather narrow and dense, July and August. 3 to 4 ft., 40c each; 3 for $1.10.

VAR. ANTHONY WATERTER—A very free flowering, compact dwarf shrub, with bright crimson flowers in dense corymbs. A very desirable variety that blooms all summer. 12 to 18 inches, 60c each.

PRUNIFOLIA—A graceful shrub, six feet high with slender, upright branches. The ovate leaves are one to two inches long. Flowers are pure white on slender peduncles in three to six flowered umbels. 2 to 3 ft., 75c.

VAN HOUTTEI—This is one of the most beautiful or perhaps the most beautiful of the early blooming spireas and is quite hardy. It grows to a height of six feet with arching branches that are completely covered with pure white flowers in May. Very effective when planted as a hedge. 18 to 24 inches, 25c; 2 to 3 ft., 40c; 3 to 4 ft., 50c each.

THUNBERGII—Five feet high. A very graceful shrub, early flowering. The slender arching branches clothed with feathery, bright green foliage, turning in the fall to orange and scarlet. Almost hardy, but tips of branches are sometimes killed by severe cold. The pure white flowers about one third of an inch across, appearing in April or May. 18 to 24 inches, 65c each.

Snowball (Viburnum)

COMMON (Var. Sterile) — This is the well known, common snowball of the old fashioned gardens. Besides the snow white flowers in May, the foliage is decorative and assumes a bright color in fall. 2 to 3 feet, 50c each.

WEIGELIA ROSEA

An ornamental and popular class of graceful shrubs. The beautiful trumpet-shaped flowers appear in May and June in such profusion as to almost completely hide the foliage. Is very desirable for the border and for grouping. They vary in color from pure white to dark red. The following are all choice varieties.

ROSEA—A choice vigorous sort, which yields an immense crop of deep pink trumpet-like flowers in June, and bears a scattering of blossoms through the rest of the season. 18 to 24 inches, 30c each; 2 to 3 feet, 50c each.

HYBRID CANDIDA—Very desirable plant for the shrubbery border, with pure white flowers. 2 to 3 feet, 50c each.

EVA RATHKE—These are large cormin-red, sweet growing. A most prolific bloomer in spring and again in autumn. 2 to 3 feet, 75c each.

SWEET SHRUB (Calycanthus)

ORIENTALIS—A hardy ornamental shrub with handsome, glossy foliage and a very attractive flower, the red or white flowers appearing late in spring and early in summer. 2 to 3 feet, 50c each.

Symphoricarpos

WAXBERRY or White Snowberry (Racemosa) — A perfectly hardy shrub from 2 to 3 feet high, excellent for massing in the lower parts of a bed or border. The rose-colored flowers appear in loose, often leafy racemes in July and August. The white wax-like berries remain until late in the autumn. 18 to 24 inches, 30c; 2 to 3 feet, 50c each.

INDIAN CURRANT (Coral Berry), (Vulgaris) — A rather compact bush with red fruits. 30c each; 3 for $1.00.

Tamarix (Tamarix)

These plants are very beautiful all the year, in winter for the coloring of the bark and in summer for the light-green, feathery foliage and large loose panicles of purplish flowers.

AFRICA—An upright grower to eight feet. Blooms in May. 2 to 3 feet, 35c each.

HISPIDA—A graceful shrub, upright branches, flowers pink, appearing in August. 2 to 3 feet, 50c each.

Lilac

The old fashioned purple lilac of our grandmothers gardens. Very fragrant. Price, 2 to 3 feet, 50c each; 3 for $1.25.
ROSES FOR FALL PLANTING

CLIMBING ROSES

Crimson Rambler
The famous crimson crossed climber. Makes shoots 8 to 10 feet long in a season. Flowers are produced from ground to tip, in pyramidal clusters.

Dorothy Perkins Pink
Flower rich rose pink, small double, very sweetly produced in large clusters. Grows to 10 feet tall.

Dorothy Perkins White
One of the most favorable and attractive of the hardy climbers, flowering profusely in large compact clusters. The single flowers range from 2 to 3 inches in width. Brilliant carmine rose with a slight cream variation and yellow stamens in center.

PRICE: 2 year old, 50c each; $4.50 for 10.

MONTHLY OR EVER-BLOOMING ROSES

General Jacqueminot
Bright, shining crimson, rich and velvety; exceedingly brilliant and handsome; makes magnificent and handsome, moderately double, of splendid substance, and is highly esteemed as one of the most desirable roses for open ground work, also for forcing.

Frau Karl Druschki
One of the finest hardy roses ever grown. It blooms unceasingly from June till Frost, on thornless stems, with immense, cup shaped flowers, the largest of any rose color, a bright shining pink, perfectly formed. Produces flowers on the branches throughout the season. Color is a bright red in early bloom, changing to white in late season. Price 75c each; 10 for 7.00.

HARDY VINES FOR FALL PLANTING

Boston Ivy (Veitchii)—This vine undoubtedly stands higher in the estimation of the people than any other. After once it is established it grows rapidly and will stay indefinitely, needing only an occasional trimming to keep it within bounds. It is not attacked by disease or insects and the foliage is not injured by the smoke and dirt of cities. The glossy green leaves turn to a brilliant orange scarlet in the fall, 2 year old, 50c each; 3 for $1.45.

Clematis (Veitchii)—This Clematis is by far the most popular of all the species of the American gardens. It is extremely showy when covered with the small white fragrant flowers, which appear late in the season. Beautiful, shiny, green foliage. Price, 2 year old No. 1 plants, 50c each; three for $1.30.

Honeysuckle (Lonicera)—Honeysuckles are well adapted for the covering of walls, arbors, etc., are very ornamental, as the leaves remain on during the winter. The flowers are white, turning yellow and are very fragrant. 30c ea.

Kudzu Vine
Producing a profusion of flowers, 30c each.

Wisteria
A very handsome vine with large, tuberous, starry clusters, making a most remarkable, vigorous growth of slender, hairy stems. Leaves are variegated in color, vines will grow to 60 feet or more. 3 year old, large, 75c each.

DECIDUOUS TREES FOR FALL PLANTING

Catalpa Bungeii (Umbrella Tree)
A wonderful tree for use in formal effects. It is very quick growing, produces a broad dome-shaped head and is a very desirable tree in every way.

Price: 1 year head, $1.50 each; 2 year head, $2.00 each.

Lombardy Poplar
Often called Italian Poplar. Very effective for use where a tall screen is desired or for skyline effects. Grows very quickly and fairly long lived. The trees branch from the ground and grow very slim and erect.

Price: 6 to 8 feet, 75c; 8 to 10 feet, 1.00; 10 to 12 feet, 1.25.

American Elm
Very valuable for park planting, for avenues, and as a shade tree for lawns. One of the most majestic and graceful of our shade trees. Hardy, a rapid grower, resistant drought well, and is long lived. 6 to 8 feet, 75c each; 8 to 10 feet, 1.25 each; 10 to 12 feet, 1.50 each.

American White Ash (Fraxinus)
(Americana)—A handsome, hardy, broad headed, quick growing shade tree, sometimes reaching 120 feet in height. Very valuable in landscape work, for park and street planting. 6 to 8 feet, $1.25.
Dear Friend:—

Since it is impossible for us to see you personally and tell you about our trees and plants, we are pleased to send you our Fall catalog. It speaks for itself as follows:

"I am offering only the trees and plants which are especially adapted to Fall planting; I will save you from 35% to 50% on any stock you may purchase; At that price I am offering you only the best quality stock that can be bought; stock that is healthy, clean and has been inspected and Passed by a State Inspector of Nurseries. I am telling you in plain language just what the SPRING HILL NURSERIES carry in the way of trees and plants. You can find in me just what you need to supply your wants and at a remarkably low price. Make use of the order blank that has been enclosed and order for Fall planting and save time by planting now."

The catalog has told you all that we could tell you if we were to see you personally and it has made some very good suggestions. We hope that you will follow them.

Let us hear from you.

Sincerely yours,

SPRING HILL NURSERIES

RHK.K
IBOLIUM PRIVET (PERFECTLY HARDY)

For severe climates Ibolium privet is the coming hedge plant. For Northern New York, Michigan, Wisconsin, Northern Illinois and Iowa, Nebraska and Southern South Dakota and Minnesota this will be the hedge plant of the future. It is as hardy as the hardiest privet and has all the characteristics of the famous California privet. It holds its leaves till late in the winter, presents at all times a rich green appearance and is a quick grower.

This is a new introduction that we have tried out for several years and found to be all and more than is claimed for it.

We have only a limited supply. Plant 8 inches apart. Price, 12 to 18 inch plants, $12.00 per 100. Extra heavy 2 to 3 feet. $16.00 per 100.

Ibota Privet

Excellent for hedges because of its upright habit, beautiful narrow green leaves, clusters of fragrant white flowers, and extreme hardiness. Plant 8 inches apart. 18 to 24 inches, $15.00 per 100, 2 to 3 feet, $17.00.

Amoor River

Hardiest of all hedge plants. Beautiful upright growth and makes a very compact beautiful hedge. Sheds its foliage a little earlier than California Privet. Plant 8 inches apart. 18 to 24 inches, $12.00 per 100; 2 to 3 feet, $16.00 per 100.

Althea (Or Rose of Sharon)

These free-flowering shrubs make wonderful hedges and once known will be planted more often. They can be kept trimmed quite low, or can be allowed to grow tall as a screen. A hedge of them in bloom, with all colors of flowers is a wonderful sight. Plant 2 ft. apart. Price, 18 to 24 in. plants, 25 for $3.00; $10.00 per 100.

Japanese Barberry

(Berberis Thunbergii). We consider the Japanese Barberry the best hedge plant in existence. It is beautiful throughout the year; its abundant crop of bright red berries makes it even more attractive in the winter than the summer. Its compact growth and thorny branches make a defense hedge that will turn cattle after five years' growth. As an untrimmed hedge it requires no attention except an occasional cutting of a few straggling branches. The natural growth is so dense and even that it forms a perfect hedge without shearing, but if a formal hedge is desired, it can be made so by shearing; hardy, of easy culture, and will grow in any soil or situation. For a hedge, plant in single row, 15 in. apart.

During the growing season, the foliage of the plants is attractive, because the new growth, light green in color, is in sharp contrast to the foliage of the old wood, which is a glossy, dark, rich green. In the fall, the foliage turns to bright orange and scarlet, and persists until November or December, according to the locality.

The Japanese Barberry is hardly anywhere in this country; and it will thrive in almost any situation, even in partial shade. Poor soil is no barrier to its successful cultivation. Price. 12 to 18 inch plants, 15c each; 50 for $7.00; 100 for $12.50.

Spirea Van Houttei

One of the most beautiful of all hedge plants. One mass of white when in bloom, and still beautiful in form and foliage, until frost removes the leaves. Plant 2 ft. apart. 18 to 24 in. plants, $16.00 per 100; 24 to 36 in. plants, $25.00 per 100.
Do you want to enclose your home grounds with a fence that will add beauty and attractiveness to the surroundings, and will never rot down nor rust out; but will become more beautiful and substantial each year?

**THE CALIFORNIA PRIVET HEDGE IS WHAT YOU NEED**

Many plants or shrubs may be used with happy results and pleasing effects in making a hedge fence; but the great demand for California Privet proves it to be the most popular and satisfactory of all hedges.

**IT IS THE BEST AND CHEAPEST FENCE**

One hundred plants set eight inches apart, the proper distance for planting, will make a fence 66 feet long. Using our 18 to 24 inch size would cost only $6.50. This is much less than any other fence would cost.

In comparison with fences of Wood or Iron, it is a comparison of the Living with the Dead.

The Iron and Wood fences are subject to decay, and each year become more unattractive and less substantial; but the living hedge fence is enduring, and becomes more beautiful and substantial with the passing years.

It needs not to be painted by the hand of man, in colors that fade away, for it paints itself each year an unfading color of beautiful, glossy, green that is both charming and restful to the eye.

**IT IS THE MOST BEAUTIFUL AND ORNAMENTAL**

There is no fence that adds so much charm and dignity to the surroundings of the home as a well kept hedge of California Privet.

It is a frame of living green that imparts to the picture an appearance of tranquil peace and happiness pervading the entire scene.

Unlike the Wood fence, which speaks in dull, flat tones; or the Iron fence, which speaks in accents of cold irony; it calls to the admiring observer in melodious notes of soothing harmony.

Go into the residence part of any of our great cities, and you will find this is the fence that almost invariably surrounds the palatial and aristocratic homes.

Surround your home with this frame of Nature's own making, and you will never regret it.

Plant in either Spring or Fall. If planted in single row, space the plants 8 inches apart. If planted in double rows, space the plants 8 inches apart zigzag from one row to the other.

- Plants, 12-18 inches, per hundred $5.00
- Plants, 18-24 inches, per hundred $6.50
- Plants, 2-3 feet, per hundred $8.50